

WESTCOUNTRY

PLASTIC SURGEONS
of Washington University

Patient Information for :

*BREAST LIFT
(MASTOPEXY)*



Dr. Terence Myckatyn &
Dr. Marissa Tenenbaum

OR DAY/TIME : _____ PLACE: _____ ARRIVAL TIME: _____

During office hours, questions can be answered by our office staff at 314-996-8800. During off hours, please call Barnes hospital at 314-362-5000 and ask for the “Plastic Surgery Resident on call”.

Please note that you can also have your non-urgent questions answered by emailing our Physician’s Assistant, Emily Weinhaus through our website:

1. Navigate to: www.westcountyplasticsurgeons.wustl.edu
2. Click the “Ask Emily” button near the top, to your right. Emily’s page will appear.
3. Click the green “Ask Emily” button. Fill in the required information and ask your question and we will respond within 3 business days.

This form can also be downloaded from our home page. To do this:

1. Navigate to: www.westcountyplasticsurgeons.wustl.edu
2. Click the “Patient Forms” button along the bottom of the home page.
3. This form is found under “Preparation / Care Sheets”

BEFORE SURGERY

SIX WEEKS BEFORE SURGERY:

1. **Smoking affects healing.** Please **stop smoking or ANY nicotine products for at least 6 weeks before surgery and one month after.** If needed, we can prescribe Chantix to help you quit.
2. **Good nutrition can help optimize wound healing and speed your recovery from plastic surgery.** To reduce the risk of problems, please be sure to consume a high protein diet and appropriately supplement any vitamin or dietary deficiencies that you may have.

TWO WEEKS BEFORE SURGERY:

1. Some medications can interfere with anesthesia and cause undesirable side effects that could affect your surgery. Please read over the enclosed **“Medication and Supplement Alert List”** and let us know if you take any of them. For example, **garlic** and **ginseng can cause bleeding** even though they are homeopathic remedies and not true medicines. So please stop taking these, and any other non-prescription herbal medicines for two weeks before surgery. Also, Aspirin should not be taken 2 weeks before or after surgery. Tylenol is a good medicine to take for any aches or pains you may have prior to your surgery.
2. If you develop a cold, facial sore, fever or any other illness prior to surgery, please notify us.
3. If you are having surgery as an outpatient, please be sure arrangements have been made for a responsible adult to drive you to and pick you up after surgery and to stay with you for the first 24 hours.

EVENING BEFORE SURGERY:

1. Have some jello and/or soup available for after surgery.
2. Get a good night’s rest.
3. Do not eat or drink anything after midnight if your surgery is scheduled before noon. Never eat or drink anything at all for at least 8 hours prior to surgery.

DAY OF SURGERY

Arrive at the Hospital at: _____

1. Do not eat or drink anything if your surgery is scheduled before noon. If your surgery is scheduled after noon, you may have coffee or tea and dry toast no later than 8 hours before your scheduled surgery time. **DO NOT SMOKE.**
2. Do not wear contact lenses, wigs, hairpins, hairpieces or jewelry. Dress in old, loose, comfortable clothes. Do not wear pullover tops or pantyhose. Remove all body piercing jewelry from all locations. Wear slip-on shoes.
3. Have someone drive you to your surgery and make certain someone will be available to take you home and stay with you for 24 hours. Put a pillow and blanket in the car for the trip home.

AFTER SURGERY

1. **While resting**, keep your head and shoulders elevated on at least 2 pillows for the first 24 hours. You may get up to the bathroom but have someone keep an eye on you at first.

2. A **light diet** is best for the rest of the day after surgery. Begin by taking liquids slowly and progress to soups or jello. You may start a regular diet the next day.
3. If you have **pain or discomfort**, take the pain medication every 4 hours. It is best to take pain medication with crackers, jello, etc. If you have no pain, do not take the medication. Alcohol and pain medication should not be taken together. We may also prescribe a muscle relaxant that can be taken 3 times per day and may be more helpful than narcotic.
4. **Activity.** For the first 48 hours keep your arm movements to a minimum. Your arms should not be used to support your body or to lift anything heavy.
5. **Small drains** are rarely placed, but if they are, they will be used to draw off any accumulating fluid after surgery. The bulb should be kept collapsed at all times. The fluid will need to be removed when the drain is no longer collapsed. Please keep a record of what time and how much fluid is emptied from the bulb in milliliters. Bring this record with you to the office appointment. Usually, drains are removed 48 hours after your surgery. The drains will not be removed if you have drained more than 30 cc within a 24 hour period.
6. **Incisions** have likely been sealed with Dermabond or superglue no wound care except cleaning is required. Do not use ointment over Dermabond glue.
7. **Showering.** You may shower 48 hours after surgery. The incisions can get soapy and wet, but avoid applying full showerhead pressure to them. Avoid soaking under water in a tub or pool.
8. **Surgical bra.** You should wear your provided surgical bra until the doctor states you may wear an alternative. Obtain a sports bra **WITHOUT AN UNDERWIRE** that clips in the front to bring to your first post-op visit to use as the alternative bra.
9. Occasionally, **supportive tape** is used for your surgery. Please continue to wear this until your first follow-up visit. Your doctor will remove this when appropriate. If it comes off in the meantime, please contact our office but do not replace it yourself.

OTHER POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS

1. You may gradually resume normal daily activities after 48 hours, being careful to avoid any activity that causes pain or discomfort. Strenuous activities and exercises are to be avoided until 3 weeks after surgery. At that point, you may perform non-impact aerobics like the elliptical, stairmaster, arc trainer, or stationary bike. Light jogging, yoga, and lower body weight training can start in 3-4 weeks. Running, impact aerobics, and light upper body work can start at 4-6 weeks depending on your comfort level. Do not exceed lifting 10 lbs with your upper body for at least 4 weeks. If it hurts, back off. Start slow and progress as tolerated. Call your doctor if you have any questions.
2. Driving may be resumed when a sharp turn of the steering wheel will not cause pain and when you are off regular narcotic pain medicine.
3. Bruising and swelling are normal. This will disappear with time.

4. Unusual sensations like numbness, sharpness, and burning are common during the healing process. These sensations may last several weeks and will gradually disappear.
5. If you have any questions, sudden onset of extreme pain, fever, or redness, please call Dr. Myckatyn or Dr. Tenenbaum's office at 362-4263 or 314-996-8800.

RETURNING TO WORK:

1. Working from home : Less than 2 weeks.
2. Desk job : 2 weeks
3. Up on your feet a lot : 3 weeks
4. Manual labor : 4 to 5 weeks

GENERAL INFORMATION:

1. All incisions will be extremely sensitive to sunlight for one year. Direct sun contact is to be avoided and use a sunscreen with SPF 30 or greater for the first 6 months and at least SPF 15 for the next 6 months. Excellent sunscreen options are offered through our various skin care lines.
2. Please take all medication carefully and as directed.
3. If you have nausea, vomiting, rash, shortness of breath, or diarrhea after taking your medications, please call the office.
4. If you develop a fever (oral temperature greater than 101), redness or increased pain at the surgical incisions, please call us immediately.

FOLLOW-UP:

Follow-up after surgery varies based on the extent of the procedure, any pre-existing health conditions you may have, how far away you live, and in the unusual event where there is a complication.

For many patients follow-up includes :

- a) Follow-up within 1 week with registered nurse or physician's assistant to pull drains (if any), check wounds, and to address any minor questions or concerns
- b) Physician follow-up at 3 weeks, 3 months and 1 year and to address any concerns

PRESCRIPTIONS:

We will try to provide you with prescriptions for medicines prior to your surgical procedure. Usually this will include a pain medicine and an antibiotic.

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